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# Enviropod™ Filter Wairau Rd Trial

Enviropod Holdings limited

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#### **EXECUTIVE SUMMARY**

The object of this study is to ascertain the removal efficiency of the Enviropod stormwater filtration system.

The Enviropod system has been commercially available as a stormwater treatment system for 3 years. Over 50 separate projects have been completed in New Zealand and Australia including private sales, test sites and urban road sites.

Enviropod was requested by Auckland Regional Council to provide adequate test data to show the removal rate achievable by the system.

Testing involved assessing the removal rate of a single Enviropod<sup>™</sup> filter. The Enviropod<sup>™</sup> filter was installed in a catchpit on a highly trafficked road in the Wairau industrial area in North Shore City. After initial assessment it was decided that a 100-micron filter cartridge was the most appropriate for the site.

Automatic water samplers and a flow meter were installed to collect flow proportional stormwater samples before and after the Enviropod unit. Eight separate events were monitored over a seven-month period. Total exported contaminants and flow-weighted means (Event Mean Concentrations, EMC's) were calculated for each event.

Contaminant concentrations of the runoff entering the Enviropod<sup>TM</sup> filter were highly variable ranging from 0.03 mg/l to 396 mg/l. The contaminant loads generated from the site were lower than expected for a highly trafficked road.

The contaminant reduction for each storm event was variable ranging from 49% to 95%, which is consistent with most treatment devices. The Enviropod<sup>TM</sup> filter obtained higher removal rates when the runoff entering the Enviropod<sup>TM</sup> filter had higher mean concentration. The average event suspended solids reduction was 78 %

In examining the inflow and outflow contaminant concentrations over all eight events the average EMC reduction and summation of loads reduction was 81% and 82% respectively.

The efficiency of the  $Enviropod^{TM}$  filter compares favourably with traditional forms of stormwater treatment.

#### **INTRODUCTION**

The Enviropod<sup>TM</sup> filter is a catchpit (Gully Pit) insert that comprises of a supporting framework and a replaceable filter cartridge (or filter bag). The Enviropod<sup>TM</sup> filter removes a high rate of contaminates, requires no construction and utilises existing stormwater maintenance techniques.

Previous studies of the Enviropod catchpit filter system conducted by Auckland City Design have examined the performance of individual Enviropod units, however this was limited to carrying out time proportional sampling and concentration analysis.

The purpose of this study is to determine the removal efficiency of a single Enviropod using a methodology suggested by Auckland Regional Council in order to obtain approval for the use of the Enviropod system as a stormwater treatment solution on new and retrofitted sites.

Limited research has been carried out on the contaminant characteristics of stormwater runoff as it enters the stormwater system (i.e. at the catchpit) or of the treatment efficiency of catchpit inserts. This is largely due to the difficulties of sample collection and flow measurement at the entry point of to the stormwater system.

#### **Objective**

The objective of this study is to ascertain the efficiency of an individual Enviropod<sup>TM</sup> filter. Due the variable nature of stormwater, eight separate sets of samples have been taken representing individual rainstorm events. These rainstorms are intended to cover a range of storms with varied size, intensity and preceding dry period.

#### Background

In 1997 Enviropod NZ Ltd researched the possibility of point source control of storm water pollution. The purpose of the project was to attempt to develop a cost-effective solution to the growing problem of stormwater pollution in urban areas.

From this the concept, a catchpit filtration device was conceived. The design of the Enviropod was based on the engineering concept of point source pollution control. It was also designed to utilise the existing infrastructure currently used in urban communities.

This infrastructure consists of a stormwater reticulation system, which is serviced, regularly with the use of gully sucker trucks to avoid catchpit and line blockages that can cause flooding and damage to local business and residential areas. The Enviropod<sup>TM</sup> filter simply increases the efficiency of this system by filtering stormwater runoff before it enters the reticulation system while mitigating against possible pipe blockages.

Enviropod constructed various prototype models and proceeded to conduct numerous trials. When these trials proved successful we obtained a patent for the design. The Enviropod<sup>TM</sup> filters have been proven in over 50 locations throughout New Zealand and Australia to be efficient at removing gross pollutant and total suspended solids in a cost effective manner with no risk of flooding.

#### **METHODOLOGY**

Accurate evaluation of any stormwater treatment device is a difficult process. The nature of stormwater pollutants and subsequent performance of any stormwater treatment device is variable and is dependent on many factors. Catchpit inserts have relatively small catchment areas for each device and therefore experience greater variability in the nature of the stormwater pollutants; this is explored further in the discussion section.

This trial involved evaluating the performance of a single Enviropod. Stormwater was analysed before and after an Enviropod filter was inserted in a catchpit to examine the reduction of contaminants. The Auckland Regional Council approved the following methodology.

#### Site Selection

A catchpit was chosen on Wairau Road in North Shore City (see appendix A for location and catchment plan). Wairau Road is situated in the Wairau Valley Industrial Zone and is a highly trafficked arterial road (13,000 veh/day). The catchment area does not include any grassed verges and all surfaces are 100% impervious. The surrounding land is a highly urbanised environment with less than 10% vegetation and is restrictive to the retrofit of traditional stormwater treatment methods.

The catchment draining to the Enviropod has a flat grade ( $\approx 0.5\%$ ) and has a catchment area of 774.4m<sup>2</sup>. Stormwater runoff entered the catchpit from essentially one direction.

The Catchpit drains directly to the Wairau Creek approximately 3.5m away, through a 225mm-dia pipe. The creek has been concrete lined. The site allowed only stormwater entering and exiting the Enviropod<sup>TM</sup> filter to be examined

The site generally is typical of an urban environment with vehicle pollution entering the stormwater network. The site has been chosen so that the results may be extrapolated to most other site situations.

#### **Testing Procedure**

Samples were obtained from the gutter immediately before the catchpit and at the discharge point into the creek using automatic samplers (see diagrams in appendix B). All samples were analysed for suspended solids concentration.

Samples were also taken from material removed by the filter system and were analysed for moisture content and the filter cartridges weighed.

#### Methods

#### Rainfall

The nearest rain gauge is on Sunnybrae Rd, approximately 1km from the Trial area. Rainfall data was obtained from North Shore City Council records for the period covered by the trial.

The time of concentration was calculated to be approximately 8 minutes however a 6-minute time of concentration was adopted to allow comparison with North Shore City rainfall statistics.

North Shore City rainfall statistics only supplied intensities and depths down to a storm with an annual exceedance probability (AEP) of 50% (or a 1 in 2-year storm). Intensities and depths for storms with a higher AEP were extrapolated from the NSCC data. (Appendix C)

Rainfall intensity was calculated from the flow data and catchment characteristics and intensity graphs were produced to find the peak 6-minute average intensity of each storm event (Appendix F). The peak values from these graphs were compared with the North Shore City Rainfall statistics to find the return period for each storm event.

#### Discharge Recording.

The flow generated from the catchment area of a single catchpit is low i.e. 0.7 l/sec for a 6 minute 1 in 1-month storm<sup>1</sup>. A box containing a  $90^{\circ}$  "V"- Notch weir was constructed and installed across the discharge point to allow accurate measurement of the flow.

A Sigma 900 Max sampler with integrated area velocity flow meter and pressure transducer was installed down stream of the catchpit.

A depth velocity probe was located 40 mm in front of the transition zone. Measurement of the head of water behind the 'V' notch weir allowed the calculation of flow. Depth and flow values were determined every 10 seconds and were stored in the data logger within the sampler (Hydrographs for each storm event are attached in appendix D). The velocity logging function was switched off as the turbulence from the standing wave causes variable results.

#### Water sampling

Stormwater monitoring was carried out over a seven-month period. Two samplers were used to collect the samples before and after the Enviropod. A Sigma 900 Max sampler Collected samples from the outlet pipe. A Manning 4900 automatic sampler collected samples from the kerb. Layout of the samplers is shown in appendix B.

Sampling was initiated at a head of 35mm behind the weir (0.32 l/sec) or approximately 1 in 1 week, six-minute storm). The 900 Max sampler controlled the program and the Manning sampler was the slave.

500ml samples were taken every 5 minutes during the first flush and approximately every 1000 litres until the storm ended or until 24 samples were collected. The sampler recorded the time of sample grabs.

#### **Stormwater Analysis**

Analysis was carried out by Cooke laboratories in accordance with "Standard methods of the examination of water and wastewater". The Table below outlines the lower detection limits and methods used.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Based on NSCC rainfall statistics.

Parameter	Method	Lower detection Limit
Suspended Solids	Filtered using glass fibre, dried at 103° C	$1g/m^3$
Total lead, Copper and	Digestion with nitric Acid/hydrogen peroxide; high-	$.01g/m^3$
Zinc	pressure microwave. Atomic absorption spectroscopy	

#### **Maintenance of Equipment**

The trial site has a distinct lack of vegetation surrounding the site. Organics associated with vegetation have the effect of partially clogging the filter surface and reducing the pore size of the filter. In the absence of organics the filter surface remains cleaner and retains its original pore size for a longer period.

Due to this the 100-micron filter was not replaced or cleaned during the length of the trial and no overflow from the Enviropod<sup>TM</sup> Filter was observed. At the completion of sample collection all sample bottles were cleaned and replaced into the samplers. The cartridge was regularly checked for any rips or cigarette burns.

#### **Data Collection and Analysis**

Event Mean Concentrations (EMC's) and Total Exported Contaminates (TEC's) for each storm event were calculated and tabulated in spreadsheet format. The formula used to calculate this data was obtained from the Urban Runoff Data Book. Start and End concentrations were assumed to be 0 mg/l (i.e. zero flow zero concentration). Calculation spreadsheets are attached in appendix E.

Samples of stormwater were taken at predetermined times, and flow was recorded between samples. Samples were then analysed for the concentration of contaminates by an independent laboratory. Storm flows and depth of flow have been measured throughout the storm event and EMC's and TEC's determined.

Analysis has been focused on the suspended solids, as the relationship between suspended solids and other contaminants is identified in many previous studies.

#### **Retained loads**

The Enviropod Filter was removed and weighed and emptied twice during the trail. A solid sample was collected and analysed at the Laboratory for moisture content. These results were used to calculate retained loads and are detailed in Appendix G

#### Calibration of flow

Calibration of depth was undertaken to verify the volume of flow through the monitoring system. Calibration data is shown in appendix H.

#### **RESULTS**

#### **Event Details**

Stormwater samples were collected between 30/01/00 to 11/08/00. A single Enviropod was installed on the 16/01/00 and fitted with a 100-Micron Podmesh Filter. Eight separate storms were analysed with samples taken before and after the Enviropod unit. Table 1 below contains the event details including inter-event dry period.

Date	Storm	Total Storm Flow	Samples		Dry Period	Return
	Duration (hrs)	Liters	First Flush	Storm	hrs	Period
WS#1 30/01/0	0 4.65	1045.0	6	1	70	1 in 2 week
WS#2 12/03/0	0 9.15	2187.9	6	2	240	1 in 1 month
WS#3 9/04/0	0 23.57	1423	6	1	82	1 in 1 week
WS#4 7/05/0	0 45.33	6827.6	6	4	312	1 in 1 month
<u>WS#5</u> 11/05/0	0 11.82	12169.7	6	13	84	1 in 1 month
WS#6 27/07/0	0 28.65	5542.0	6	5	91	1 in 3 weeks
<u>WS#7</u> 1/08/0	0 8.18	923.3	6	1	53	1 in 1 week
WS#8 11/08/0	0 3.5	367.7	6	0	154	1 in 1 week

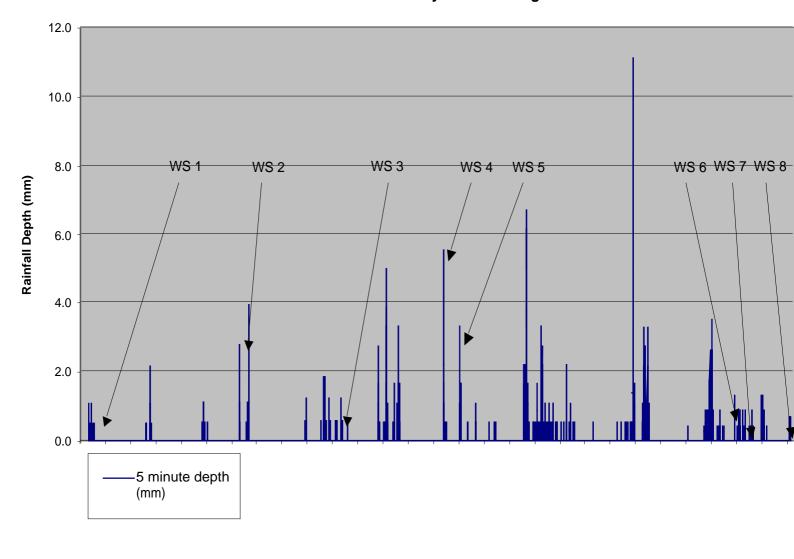
Table 1 Event Details

Chart 1 (following page) shows all rainfall data collected at the Sunnybrae rain gauge, which is approximately 1km from the test site. The chart also labels the storm events sampled.

A comparison of the event depths was carried out. Depths recorded at the Sunnybrae rain gauge and depths derived from the total storm flow logged at the test site were compared (Appendix I). The depth values for each storm event varied greatly with each event. On average the depths recorded at the Sunnybrae station were 46 % larger than the depths derived from the logged data. All events with the exception of storm 7 had a larger depth recorded at the rain gauge than at the test site.

It was not possible to locate the rain gauge in the catchment area of the Enviropod filter and it was decided to use the closest permanent rain gauge (Sunnybrae) 1km away from the test site. Localised weather conditions can greatly effect precipitation on a catchment accounting for the variation in the recorded depths

# Rainfall Data - Sunnybrae Rainguage 30 January 2000 - 11 August 2000



#### Contaminant Concentrations and Total Exported loads

Stormwater samples were collected before and after the Enviropod<sup>TM</sup> Filter throughout the analysed events. The samples were analysed for the concentration of suspended solids. Total loads transported were extrapolated from the sample concentration and flow weighted means were calculated (event mean concentrations, EMC). Table 2 details these results for each storm event.

Storm	U	p Strear	n SS Co	nc.	Down Stream SS Conc.			Up Stream	Down Stream	Up Stream	Down Stream	
Number		(mg/l)				(n	ng/I)		SS TEC	SS TEC	EMC SS	EMC SS
	Max	Min	Mean	Median	Max	Min	Mean	Median	g	g	mg/l	mg/l
WS#1	87.5	50.5	67.1	68.0	44.5	12.0	19.3	15.0	41.2	13.4	39.5	12.8
WS#2	376.0	43.0	161.5	124.0	16.0	0.1	8.7	11.5	230.9	12.1	105.5	5.5
WS#3	396.0	73.0	169.7	124.0	11.0	4.0	7.1	7.0	137.0	6.8	96.3	4.8
WS#4	207.5	6.00	54.9	25.8	46.0	7.50	20.4	17.0	144.8	73.6	21.2	10.8
WS#5	99.50	2.00	34.1	25.5	34.5	0.5	7.1	4.0	266.9	55.6	21.9	4.6
WS#6	196.0	45.0	100.7	92.00	45.0	1.0	9.9	4.0	341.1	50.0	61.6	9.0
WS#7	273.0	120.0	178.7	160.00	20.0	12.0	15.7	15.0	94.4	8.9	102.3	9.7
WS#8	333.00	60.00	127.7	86.00	84.0	20.0	50.5	51.0	47.6	19.0	129.5	51.7

Table 2 Contaminant Concentrations and Total Exported loads

#### Removal load

An examination was carried out on the amount of retained sediment in the Enviropod<sup>TM</sup> Filter. The filter was weighed and a sample was analysed for moisture content. The results are shown in table 3

Total Wet weight of retained material	33.20 Kg
Total Dry weight of retained sediment	20.12 Kg
Moisture Content	39.4 %

Table 3: Weight of retained material in filter bag.

The summary of retained solids has been tabulated and is included in appendix G.

### Particle Distribution Analysis

A composite sample was taken from up and down stream samples from WS2, WS3, WS4 and WS5. These samples were analysed for particle distribution. Table 4 below details the results.

Particle	WS 2	WS 2	WS 3	WS 3	WS 4	WS 4	WS 5	WS 5
Size	(Up)	(Down)	(Up)	(Down)	(Up)	(Down)	(Up)	(Down)
<1mm	5	0	0	4	2	0	18	0
500μ - 1mm	0	0	0	0	12	22	0	0
125μ - 500μ	14	1	0	0	9	7	17	0
63μ - 125μ	5	0	35	3	61	7	12	0
45µ - 63µ	69	93	27	90	16	0	0	0
<45µ	7	6	38	3	0	64	53	100

#### **DISCUSSION**

#### **Events, Contaminant Concentrations**

Storm events were collected over a 7-month period, covering a range of seasonal variations, storm durations and intensities. Contaminant concentrations varied greatly from .03 mg/l to 396 mg/l. This can be expected, as the catchment area of the Enviropod Filter was only 774m². The Variability of contaminant concentration in runoff is magnified in small catchments and associated low runoff volumes. i.e. a small and isolated increase in a deposited contaminant within the catchment can greatly increase the concentration e.g. a sediment spill from a passing truck.

A first flush effect was evident in the upstream concentrations. Examination of the upstream concentration against cumulative flow revealed that all storms peaked in concentration within the first 21% of runoff.

Chart 2 below shows a typical first flush effect for event 7 with the concentration peaking at 273 mg/l of suspended solids in the first 50.6 litres of runoff

### 300.0 250.0 200.0 150.0 100.0 50.0 0.0 100.0 200.0 400.0 500.0 600.0 700.0 0.008 1000.0 0.0 300.0 900.0 Cumulative Flow (I) Up Stream Conc Down Stream Conc

WS 7 Cumulative Flow Vs Concentration

Chart 3 WS 7 Cumulative Flow Vs Concentration

#### Contaminant Removal Efficiency

The efficiency of a stormwater treatment device can be analysed by comparing the relative contaminant input and output to and from the device. Contaminant levels can either be measured by concentration, or by the total exported load.

Efficiencies were analysed for individual storm events and over the range of sampled events. Three separate methods were used to calculate suspended solids removal efficiency in this trial. They are as follows.

#### **Event Contaminant Reduction**

Total Exported Contaminants (TEC's) and Event Mean Concentrations (EMC's) were calculated for each event. These two measurements of contaminant levels were directly proportional as site restraints only permitted one flow meter to be installed on the down stream sampler. Table 3 details the EMC reduction for each event and the range, median and mean reduction.

Event	Date	EMC Reduction
		(%)
WS#1	30/01/00	67%
<u>WS#2</u>	12/03/00	95%
<u>WS#3</u>	9/04/00	95%
<u>WS#4</u>	7/05/00	49%
<u>WS#5</u>	11/05/00	79%
<u>WS#6</u>	27/07/00	85%
<u>WS#7</u>	1/08/00	91%
<u>WS#8</u>	11/08/00	60%
Min Reduction		49%
Max Reduction		95%
Mean Reduction		78%
Median Reduction		82%

Table 4 Event Contaminant Reduction

The results show a large amount of variability in EMC Reduction. An examination of the inlet EMC and Event Efficiency was carried out. Chart 3 plots the inlet EMC against the Efficiency. The chart shows higher removal efficiency for storms with higher inflow EMC. This performance characteristic is common with stormwater sand filters, however limited research has been carried out on the Phenomena<sup>2</sup>.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Horner, R. and Horner, C., Design, *Construction and Evaluation of a Sand filter stormwater Treatment System*, Report to Alaska marine Lines, Seattle, U.S.A, 1995

#### **Upstream Concentration Against Efficiency**

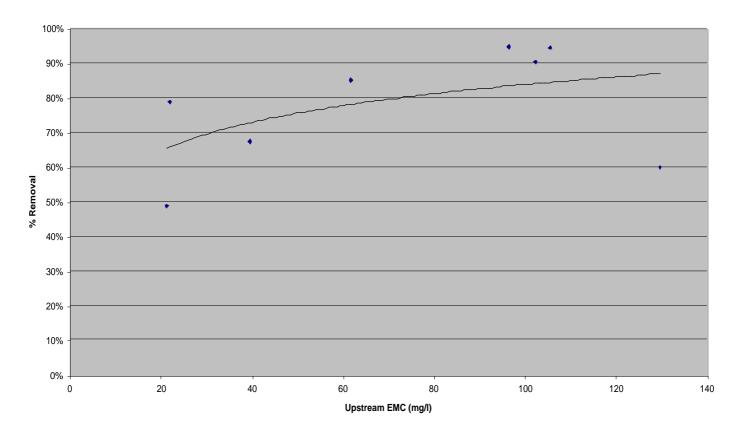


Chart 2 Upstream EMC Vs Event Contaminant Removal

The factors that influence the concentration were examined, namely preceding dry period, average flow rate, storm duration and average sampled flow, however no direct relationship was evident from the data. Each of these factors can effect the concentration individually or in combination. It is therefore difficult to identify a direct relationship between individual factors and the concentration.

#### **Average EMC Reduction**

The Average EMC reduction is defined as:

$$Average EMC \text{ Re } duction = 1 - \frac{average EMC_{Outlet}}{average EMC_{Inlet}}$$

Over the eight storm events the results were:

Average EMC Inlet	75.23 g/m <sup>3</sup>
Average EMC Outlet	13.62 g/m <sup>3</sup>
Average EMC Reduction	81%

Table 5: Average EMC Reduction

#### **Summation of Loads Reduction**

The summation of loads reduction is a comparison between the sum of the inlet TEC's and the outlet TEC's, over the eight sampled events. The results are as follows

Sum of Inlet Loads	1222.44 g
Sum of Outlet Loads	234.20 g
Sum of Loads Reduction	82%

Table 6: Summation of Loads Reduction

#### **Efficiency Comparison**

Table 7 below compares the efficiency of the Enviropod<sup>™</sup> Filter System with other Stormwater treatment device studies. The performance of any stormwater treatment device is variable and dependant on design, site limitations, runoff characteristics and effective maintenance. The removal rates listed below are derived from studies that have examined various installations of each treatment device.

	Enviropod <sup>TM</sup>	Stormwater	Wet Detention	Vegetated	Stormwater Sand
	Filter	Wetlands	Pond	Swales	Filters
TSS Removal	78%	67% <sup>3</sup>	50% - 90% <sup>4</sup>	81% 5	70% <sup>6</sup>

Table 7: Efficiency Comparison

The table shows the  $Enviropod^{TM}$  filter has a comparable performance in removing total suspended solids to existing treatment methods.

#### Estimated Suspended Solids Loading and Retained Load.

The suspended solid load generated from the catchment can be estimated by multiplying the average upstream EMC over the 8 sampled events with the total rainfall for the monitoring period (measured at the NSCC Sunnybrae rain gauge). The retained load is the total dry weight of material removed from the Enviropod filter over the monitoring period. The loads from the catchment have been presented in 3 ways, Kg, kg/hectare/year, kg/hectare/mm to allow comparison with other results and are shown in table 8.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Centre for Watershed Protection (CWP), *Pollutant Dynamics with Stormwater Wetlands: I. Plant Uptake Techniques, Vol.1, No.4.* Silver Spring, USA, 1995.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Schueler, T.R., *A Current Assessment of Urban Best Management Practices*, Metropolitan, Washington Council of Governments, USA, 1992.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> USEPA, Stormwater Technology Fact Sheets – Vegetated Swales, Office Of Water, Washington, USA, 1999.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Gallie, J., Peat Sand Filters: A Proposed Stormwater Management Practice for Urbanised Areas Metropolitan Washington Council Of Governments, USA, 1990.

Loads from test catchment 30/1/00 -11/8/01	Dry Weight	Load / Year	Load / Rainfall
	(kg)	(kg/hectare/year)	(kg/ha/mm)
Estimated Suspended solids load from Catchment	35.6	786.8	0.61
Retained Suspended solids load from Catchment	20.1	445.2	0.35

Table 8: Estimated Suspended Solids Loading and Retained Load

Comparing the estimated suspended solids load with the retained load gives an efficiency of 57%. This result is significantly lower than the efficiency calculated from flow proportional upstream and downstream sampling. However as discussed previously the Sunnybrae rain gauge experienced approximately double the rainfall as the testing location. This factor has greatly increased the suspended solids load from the catchment.

The urban runoff data book<sup>7</sup> estimates the median suspended solids load from highways and motorways as 2.2 kg/ha/mm. This suggests that the loading from the catchment was lower than can be expected. This is attributed to the flat grade of the catchment, which results in lower velocities and in turn less contaminants being transported.

#### Particle Distribution Analysis

The particle distribution was varied for all 4 storms monitored. Chart 4 shows the average particle distribution compared with other research from around the world8. Stormwater sampled in the Wairau Road study had a greater percentage of sand size particles as opposed to the large percentage of silt size particles observed in stormwater from other studies.

Other studies<sup>910</sup> examining the particle distribution of transported sediments into a catchpits (gully pots) and gutter dust have shown coarser particles than samples taken from downstream stormwater pipes.

Results from different studies should be compared with caution, as location of sampling and the sampling method are capable of contributing to the observed results. Results obtained from the Wairau Rd trial were obtained by placing the upstream intake tube to face downstream and drawing the sample against the flow, allowing truly suspended material entering the stormwater system to be collected.

It is suggested that particles being transported in sediment may reduce in size as they travel down the stormwater system as a result of turbulence and hydraulic conditions. However the mechanisms involved in transportation of stormwater sediments are not fully understood.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Willimanson, BW. *Urban Runoff Data Book*, Water quality Centre publication No 20, Hamilton, NZ, 1991

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Auckland Regional Council, An Assessment of Stormwater Quality and the Implications for the Treatment of Stormwater in the Auckland Region, ARC Environment and Planning Division Technical Publication 5 Auckland Regional Council, Auckland, 1992

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> Pratt And Adams 1982

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> Auckland Regional Council, An Assessment of Stormwater Quality and the Implications for the Treatment of Stormwater in the Auckland Region, ARC Environment and Planning Division

Generally downstream samples had a greater percentage of silt size particles. This can be expected as the larger particles had been removed by the Enviropod filter, giving a higher proportion of finer particles. Three out of the four storm events sampled showed particles greater than the poor size of the filter down stream. Possible explanations for this are as follows:

- B The Enviropod filter was allowing a small percentage of inflow to bypass the filter most probably through the overflow
- B Engagement of the over flow.
- ß Overflow of the creek. The outlet pipe was located approximately 1 metre above Wairau creek. The creek periodically overtops the outlet pipe in storm conditions.
- ß Debris entering the box containing the V-notch weir. The flow was recorded through a V-notch weir attached to the end of the outlet pipe. The box containing the V-notch was open to the elements and situated at the bottom of an embankment. It is possible that material may have entered the box.

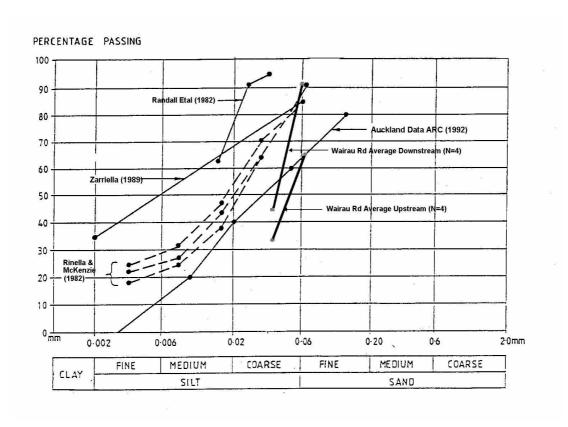


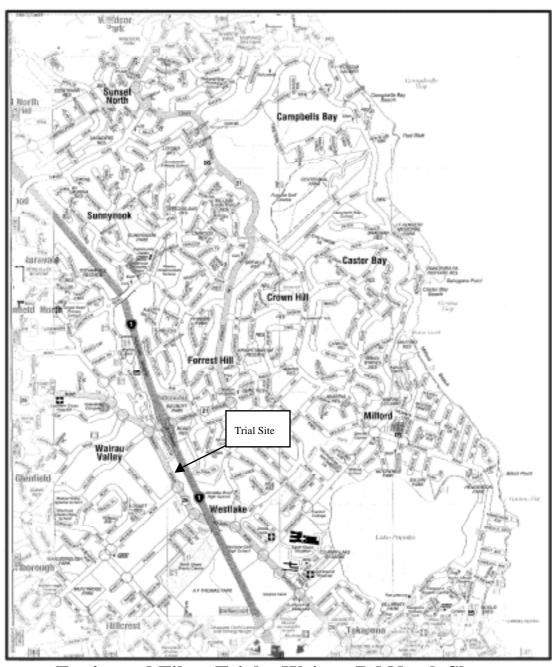
Chart 4 Comparative Particle Size Distribution

#### **SUMMARY AND CONCLUSIONS**

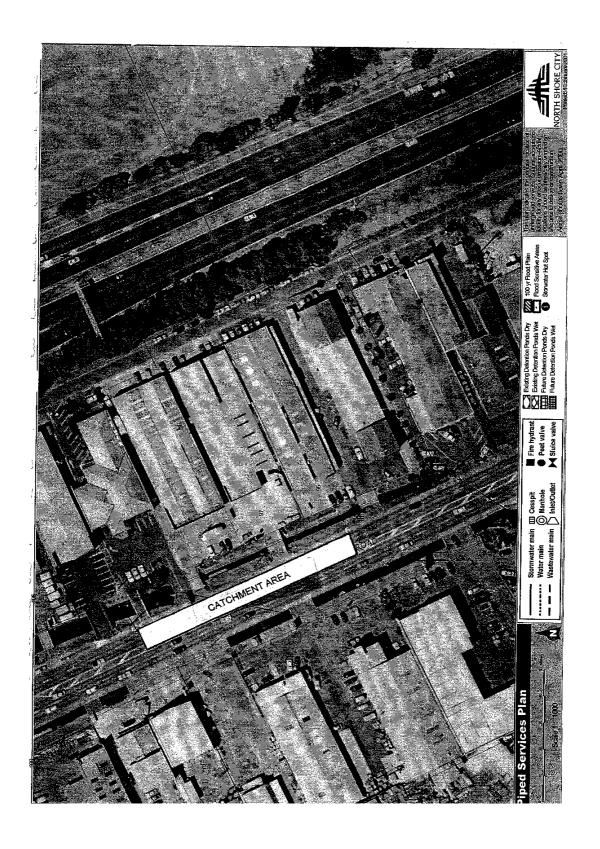
- Over the range of conditions analysed in the study, the Enviropod<sup>TM</sup> filter consistently reduced the total suspended solids being transported into the stormwater system.
- The contaminant concentration of runoff entering the Enviropod<sup>TM</sup> filter was highly variable.
- The average suspended solids reduction for a rainstorm event was 78%.
- The average event mean concentration reduction over the 8 events examined was 81%.
- The total exported load reduction was 82% over the 8 events examined.
- The event suspended solids reduction was variable. Ranging from a low of 47% to a high of 96%
- The Enviropod<sup>TM</sup> filter obtained higher removal efficiency of events with higher contaminant concentration. This phenomena is constant with other treatment devices especially filters.
- The estimated contaminant loadings being generated from the catchment were low for a highly trafficked urban road.
- Samples collected from stormwater at the kerb showed a greater percentage of sand size particles than observed in other studies, which collected samples from bulk stormwater.
- The Enviropod<sup>TM</sup> filter compares favourably with traditional stormwater treatment methods.

# APPENDIX A

**CATCHMENT PLANS** 

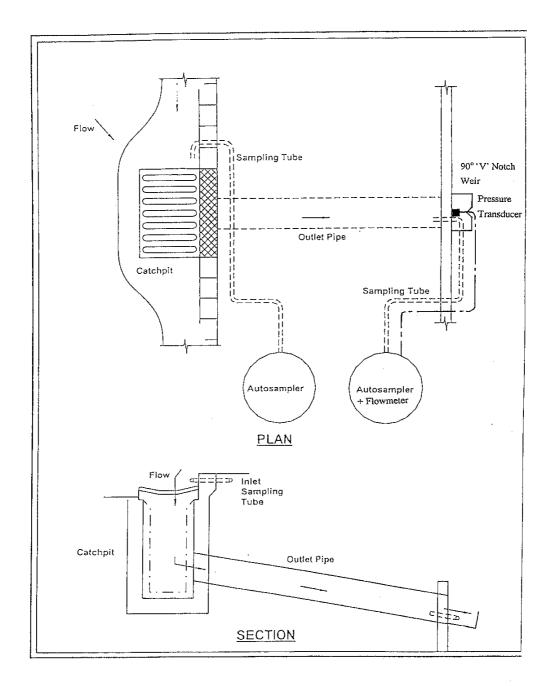


Enviropod Filter Trial – Wairau Rd North Shore Locality Plan



# **APPENDIX B**

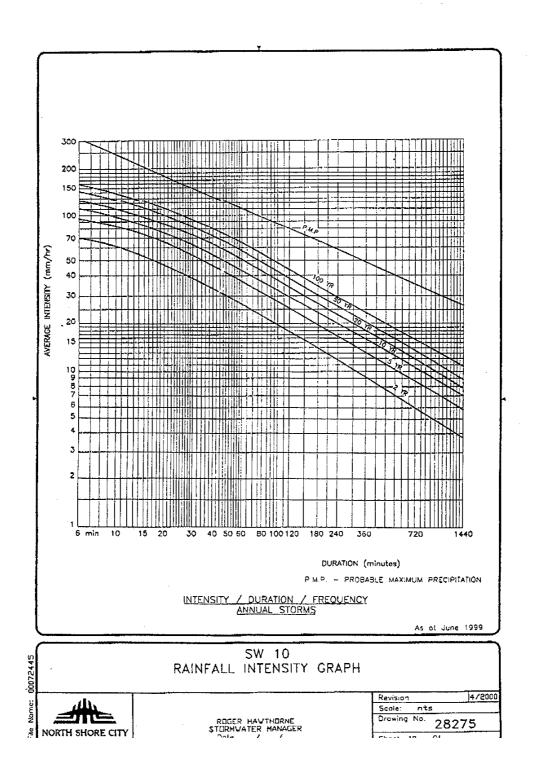
LAYOUT OF TEST SET UP



Layout of Test Set-up

# **APPENDIX C**

RAINFALL STATISTICS



#### Depths in milimeters

Į	AEP	6 min	10 min	12 min	18 min	20 min	24 min	30 min	. 1 hr	2 hr	5 hr	12 hr
	50%	7.14	10.14	11.57	15.10	16.06	17.98	20.09	26.89	35.12	54.22	68.53
	20%	9.55	13.68	15.75	20.71	21.98	24.53	27.57	35.41	47.87	76.80	100.00
	10%	11.15	16.04	18.48	24.47	25.95	28.93	32.57	42.78	56.40	91.93	120.96
	5%	12.66	18.25	21.05	28.01	29.69	33.06	37.29	48.79	64.44	106.18	140.69
	2%	14.63	21.16	24.42	32.54	34.58	38.47	43.46	56.64	74:96	124.81	156.40
	1%	16.11	23.34	26.95	35,12	38.25	42.54	48.10	62.56	82.88	138.84	185.76
1	0.20%	19.55	28.38	32.80	44.18	45.78	51.97	58.84	76.23	101.18	171.28	230.54

#### Average Intensities in milimeters per hour

AEP	5 min	10 min	12 min	18 min	20 min	24 min	30 min	1 hr	2 hr	6 hr	12 hr
50%	71.7	60.8	58.4	50.3	48.2	45.0	40.2	26.9	17.6	9.04	5.71
20%	95.5	82.1	78.8	69.0	65.9	61.3	55.1	36.4	23.9	12.80	8.33
10%	111.5	96.2	92.4	81.5	77.9	72.3	65.1	42.8	28.2	15.32	10.08
5%	126.6	109.5	105.3	93.4	89.1	82.7	74.6	48.8	32.2	17.70	11.72
2%	146.3	127.0	122.1	108.8	103.7	96.2	86.9	56.6	37.5	20.80	13.87
1%	151.1	140.0	134.8	120.4	114.8	105.4	96.2	62.5	41.4	23.14	15.48
0.20%	195.5	170.3	164.0	147.3	140.3	130.0	117.7	75,2	50.6	28.55	19.21

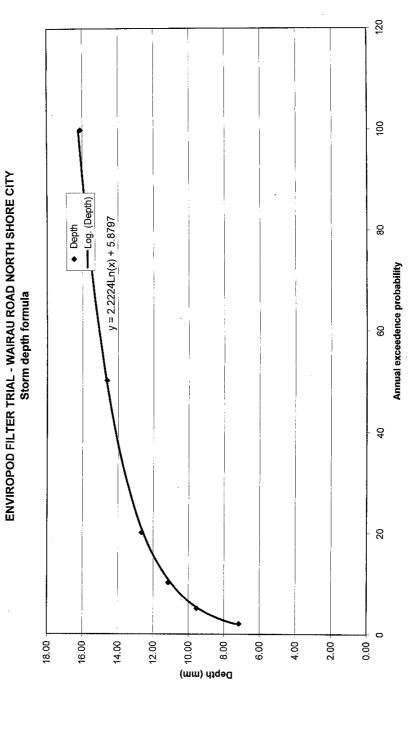
As at June 1999

SW 11 ANNUAL RAINFALL DEPTHS AND INTENSITIES



ROGER HAWTHORNE

Revision 4/2000 Scale: nts Drowing No. 28275



Peak-flow II

27

120 100 IntensityLog. (Intensity) ENVIROPOD FILTER TRIAL - WAIRAU ROAD NORTH SHORE CITY Storm Intensity Formula y = 22.639Ln(x) + 57.968 80 **Annual Excedence Probability** 9 49 20 0 180.0 160.0 140.0 120.0 (hrt/mm) (hrisnetni 00.00 00.00 00.00 40.0 20.0 - 0.09 0.0

### **ENVIROPOD FILTER TRIAL**

WAIRAU ROAD - NORTH SHORE CITY

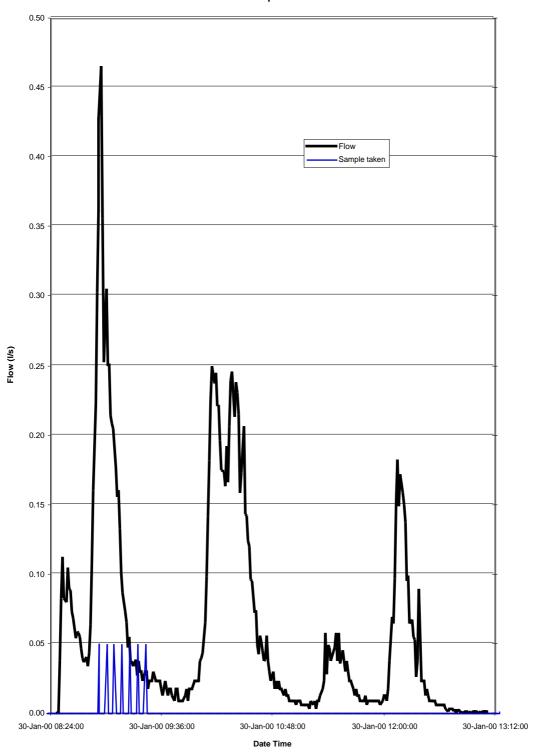
Depth and intensity for storm events less than 1 in 2 year - 6 min

Probability	Probability	Depth	Intensity
1 in Year	1 in Year	mm ı	mm / hr
500	500	19.55	195.5
100	100	16.11	161.1
50	50	14.63	146.3
20	20	12.66	126.6
10	10	11.15	111.5
5	5	9.55	95.5
2	2	7.17	71.7
1year	1	5.88	59.0
6 months	0.50	4.34	43.6
3 month	0.25	2.80	28.2
2 month	0.17	1.90	19.2
1 month	0.08	0.36	3.8
2 weeks	0.04	0.18	1.91
1 week	0.02	0.09	0.95

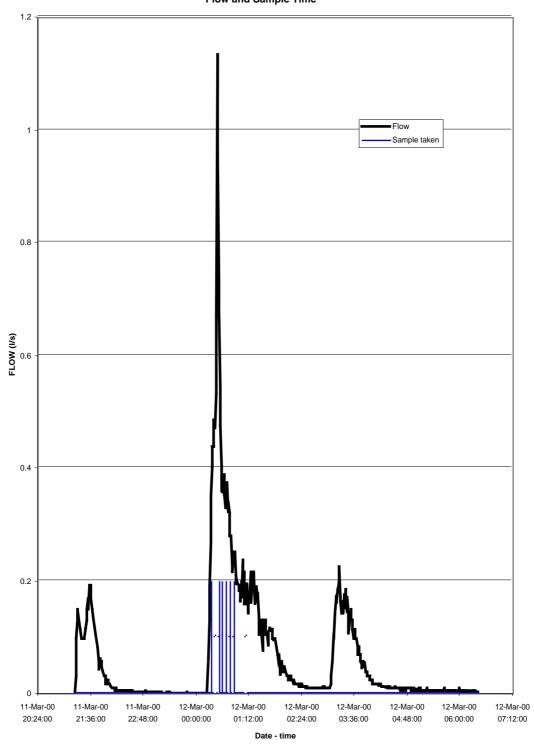
# APPENDIX D

FLOW AND SAMPLE TIME GRAPHS

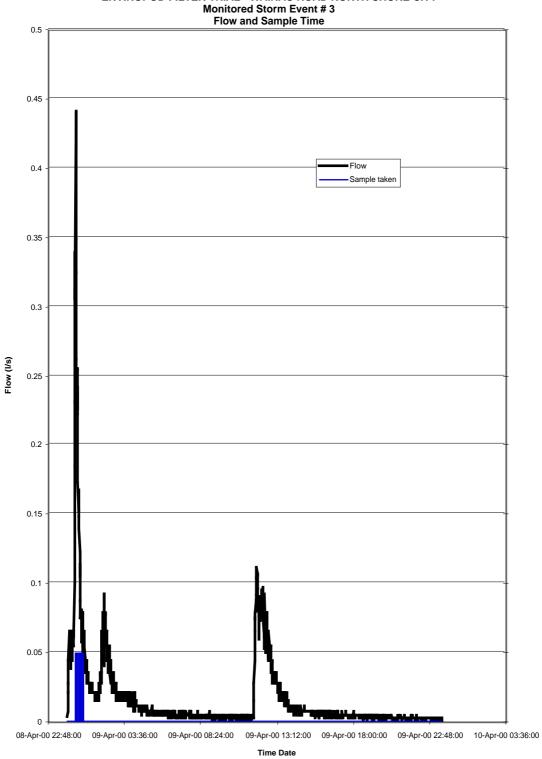
#### ENVIROPOD FILTER TRIAL - WAIRAU ROAD NORTH SHORE CITY-Monitored Storm Event #1 Flow and Sample Time

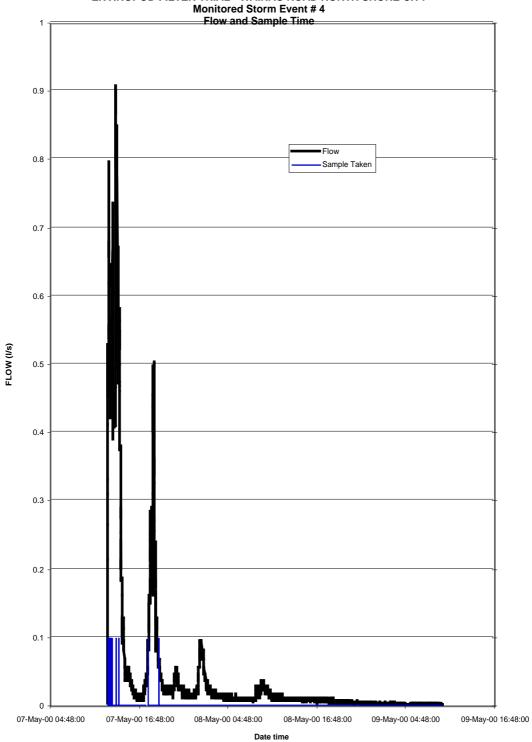


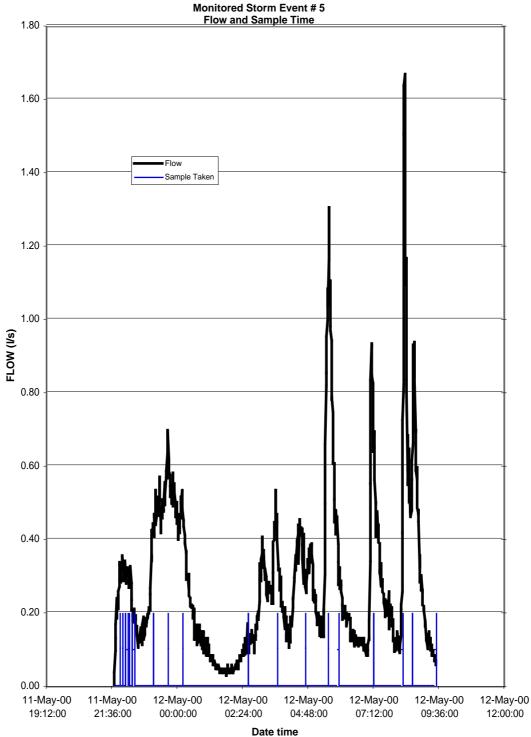
#### ENVIROPOD FILTER TRIAL -WAIRAU ROAD NORTH SHORE CITY Monitored Storm Event # 2 Flow and Sample Time

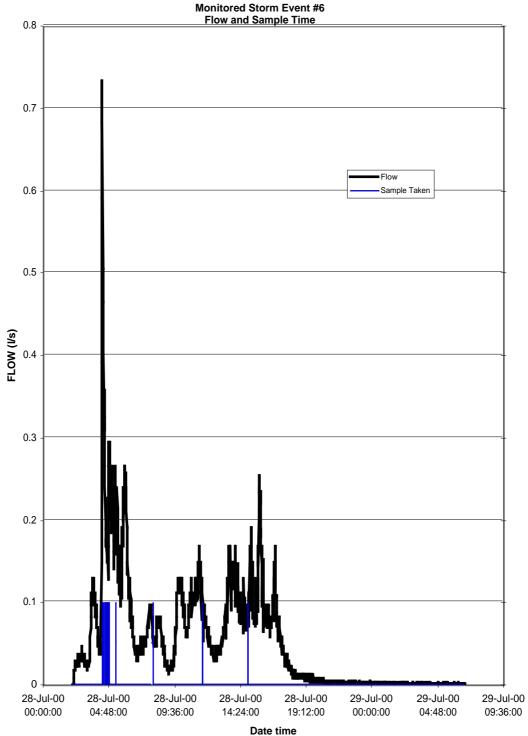


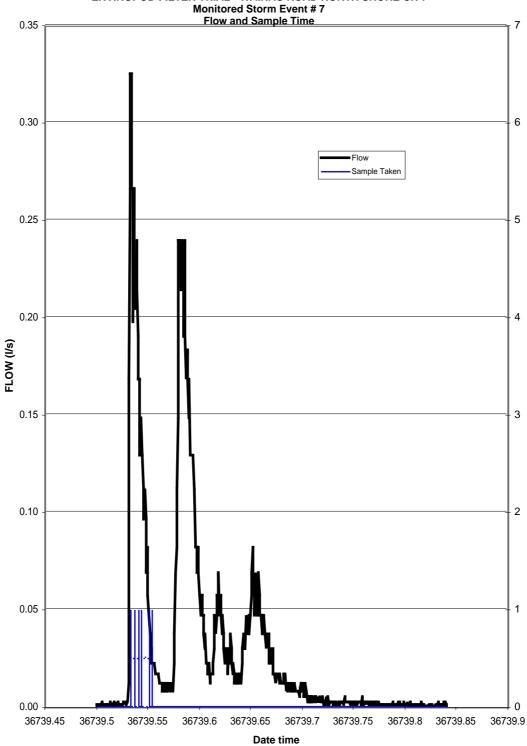
### ENVIROPOD FILTER TRIAL - WAIRAU ROAD NORTH SHORE CITY



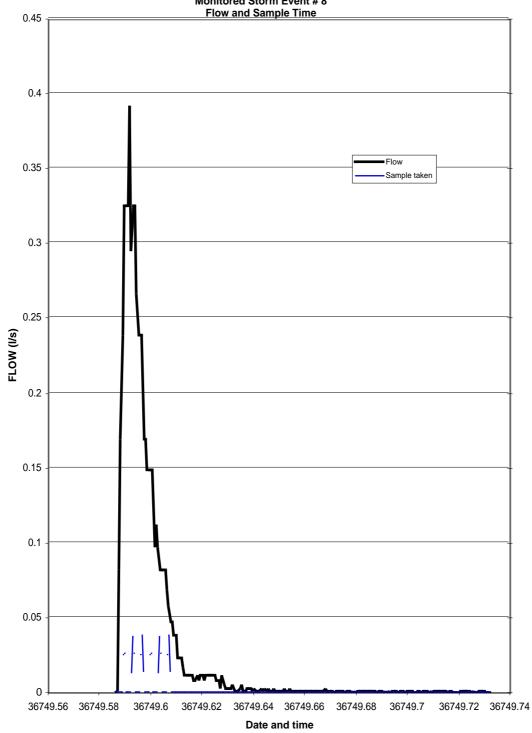








#### ENVIROPOD FILTER TRIAL - WAIRAU ROAD NORTH SHORE CITY Monitored Storm Event # 8



#### **APPENDIX E**

**CALCULATIONS** 

ENVIROPOD FILTER TRIAL - WAIRAU ROAD NORTH SHORE CITY
WAIRAU STORM # 1
CALCULATION TABLE

 Constant
 Value
 Units

 Catchment Area
 774.4
 m2

 Runoff K
 0.86

21.684 0.36 149.9
1.624 0.03
0.032 0.00 1045.0
EVENT VOLUME TESTED
mm
Days . hours
mm/br
nunhr
week

# ENVIROPOD FILTER TRIAL - WAIRAU ROAD NORTH SHORE CITY WAIRAU STORM # 2 CALCULATION TABLE

Downst. Average Load	mg		1070.33	2627.95	2529.97	2032,53	1040.77	35.27	13.90	3.73	į.	9354,4559			Downst.	Concentration mg/l	8.7	16.0 0.1	9.3
Downst. Concentration	l/bm	,	16.0	14.0	13.0	16.0	10.0	0.4	0.1	0.1				Ķ.					
Downstream Test number		Start	B1	B2	B3	B4	82	B6	B7	88	End			SUSPENDED SOLID DATA					
Upstream Average Load	mg	,	25152.71	55374.60	40090.28	14481.76	13946.32	6437.65	7091.35	1904.60	,	164479.3		SUSPEN	Upstream	mg/l	161.5 124.0	376.0 43.0	163.0
Upstream Concentration	lgm	1	376.0	295.0	206.0	114.0	134.0	73.0	51.0	43.0		:				•		·	
Upstream Sample Number		Start	A1	A2	A3	44	A5	A6	A7	A8	End						Average Median	Max Min	EMC
Part Flow	1		340.1	133.8	241.6	147.6	106.5	101.7	74.7	203.4	838.6	2187.9	1009.3						
Flow Cumul.	-	0.0	340.1	473.9	715.5	863.1	969.6	1071.3	1146.0	1349.4	2187.9		1 1						
How	s/I	0		0.46772		0.35892	0.34687	0.31848		0.15895	0.00		STED						
Flow	ημη	0	21.057	28.063	44.036	21.535	20.812	19.109	14.635	9.537	60:0		LUME TE		E	days Hours	mm/hr	mm/hr	
Level	cm	-1.498	3.649	4.094	4.902	3.682	3.632	3.51	3,155	2.658	0.408		EVENT VOLUME TESTED	DATA	3.32	0.381		4.300	
Date Time		11-Mar-00 21:15:00	12-Mar-00 00:21:00	12-Mar-00 00:26:00	12-Mar-00 00:31:00	12-Mar-00 00:36:00	12-Mar-00 00:41:00	12-Mar-00 00:46:00	12-Mar-00 00:51:00	12-Mar-00 01:08:00	12-Mar-00 06:24:00		_	RAINFALL DATA	Total storm rainfall:	Storm duration:	isity:	6 min duration Int.	

94.31%

SUSPEND SOLIDS REMOVAL RATE

1 in 2 Weeks

Return period

ENVIROPOD FILTER TRIAL - WAIRAU ROAD NORTH SHORE CITY WAIRAU STORM # 3 CALCULATION TABLE

Constant	Value	Units									
Catchment Area	774.4	m2									
Runoff K	0.85	-									
Date Time	Level	Flow	Flow	Flow Cumul.	Part Flow	Upstream Sample	Upstream Concentration	Upstream Average	Downstream Test	Downst. Concentration	Downst. Average
	СШ	ημη	8//	\   		No.	//bw	ma	эаши	ma/l	Coad
09-Apr-00 00:01:00	0.003	0.153	00.00	0:0		Start	0.0	,	ļ	00	:
09-Apr-00 00:30:00	0.339	20.366	0.34	119.3	119.3	A1	191.0	11389.00	1	110	655 91
09-Apr-00 00:35:00	0.262	15.729	0.26	222.5	103.2	A2	240.0	22245.53	B2	0.7	929.05
09-Apr-00 00:40:00	0.223	13.369	0.22	294.1	71.6	A3	396.0	22775.16	B3	6.0	465.53
09-Apr-00 00:45:00	0.148	8.891	0.15	344.1	49.9	¥	84.0	11987.28	B4	4.0	249.74
09-Apr-00 00:50:00	0.088	5.276	0.09	379.9	35.9	A5	80.0	2943.43	BS	7.0	197.43
09-Apr-00 00:55:00	0.080	4.804	0.08	403.3	23.4	9e	73.0	1787.42	B6	7.0	163.56
09-Apr-00 01:00:00	0.055	3.277	0.05	421.6	18.3	A7	124.0	1797.97	87	8.0	136.90
09-Apr-00 23:35:00	0.000	0.022	0.00	1423.0	1001.4	End	0.0	62089.68	-	0.0	4005.79
Total					1423.0			137015.5			6803.89075
	ш	EVENT VOLUME TESTED	ME TESTE	ρ.	302.3						
RAINFALL EVENT DATA	VENT DAT	Ä						SUSPENDE	SUSPENDED SOLID DATA		
Total storm rainfall:	2.16	E E						Upstream			Downst.
Storm duration: Storm duration:	0.98 23.57	hours					-1 1	Concentration mg/l		-1 1	Concentration mg/l
Storm ave intensity:	0.09	mm/hr				Average Median Max		169.7 124.0 396.0			7.1 7.0 11.0
6 min duration Int.	1.84	mm/hr						73.0			4.0
						EMC		96.3			<b>4</b> .
Refurn neriod	f in 4	Wook				J		2	2 14/10/10	ļ	7000
		200				0	SUSPENDED SOLID KEMOVAL KATE	SOLIU RE	MOVAL R	AIE	95.03%

ENVIROPOD FILTER TRIAL - WAIRAU ROAD NORTH SHORE CITY WAIRAU STORM # 4 Calculation tables

Constant	Value	Units									
Catchment Area	774.4	m2									
Runoff K	0.85										
Date Time	Level	Flow	Flow	Flow Cumul.	Part Flow	Upstream Sample	Upstream Upstream Sample oncentratio	Upstream Average		in Downst. oncentratic	Downst. Average
	cm	ul/i	1/s	,	1		l/Bm	ma	HOHIOE	ma/l	mg w
07-May-00 12:29:00	0.545	0.181	0.00	0.0	,	Start	00			00	
07-May-00 12:33:00	-	19.870	0.33	67.4	67.4	¥	207.5	6989.02	E	46.0	1549.37
07-May-00 12:38:00	_	29.452	0.49	208.3	140.9	A2	102.5	21846.01	8	42.0	620145
07-May-00 12:43:00		47.797	0.80	397.5	189.2	A3	106,5	19774.85	83	33.5	7143 55
07-May-00 12:48:00		33.443	0.56	583.1	185.5	Ą	82.5	17531.64	B4	16.5	4638,00
07-May-00 12:53:00		29.069	0.48	730.9	147.9	A5	53,5	10054.62	85	17.5	2513.65
07-May-00 12:58:00		30,645	0.51	885.4	154.5	A6	25.5	6100.81	8	20.0	2895.96
07-May-00 13:03:00		31.370	0.52	1045.5	150,1	A7	10.5	2881.57	B7	13.0	2641.44
07-May-00 13:03:00		31.370	0.52	1045.5	0.0	A8	10.5	0.00	88	6	000
07-May-00 13:38:00		43.799	0.73	2104.8	1059.4	A9	26.0	19333.65	6	7.5	9004.71
07-May-00 14:03:00	_	31.819	0.53	3084.4	979.5	A10	6.0	15672.51	B10	20.0	13468 57
07-May-00 17:52:00	_	2.825	0.05	4069.5	985.1	A11	15,5	10589.99	17.	8.5	14037 B9
07-May-00 19:25:00	1.906	4.153	0.07	5069.1	936.6	A12	12.5	13994,69	B12	10,5	9496.40
3-May-00 09:49:00	0.408	0.088	0.00	6827.6	1758.5	End	0:0	10990.70	,	0.0	9232.19
Total					6827.6			144769.4			73590 98
	EVENT V	EVENT VOLUME TESTED	1ED		5001.7						
RAINFA	RAINFALL DATA							SUSPENDED SOLID DATA	SOLID DAT	≰	
Total storm rainfall:	10.37	E E					9 1	Upstream Concentration mg/l		ĭ 1	Downst. Concentration mg/l
Storm duration:	1.889	Days			·	Average		54.9			20.4
Storm duration: Storm ave intensity	45.33 0.229	hours mm/hr			<b>_</b>	Median Max Min		25.8 207.5 6.0			17.0 46.0 7.5
6 min duration Int.	4.710	mm/hr				EMC		21.2			10.8
Return period	1 in 1	month			•	SUSPEN	IDED SO	SUSPENDED SOLID REMOVAL RATE	OVAL RA	. H	49.17%

ENVIROPOD FILTER TRIAL - WAIRAU ROAD NORTH SHORE CITY WAIRAU STORM # 6 CALCULATION TABLE

Date Time	Eavel	Flow	Flow	Flow Cumul.	Part Flow	Upstream Sample Number	Upstream Concentration	Upstream Average	Downstream Test	Downst. Concentration	Downst. Average
	cm	m//	1/2	-	1		l/bin	БШ		νδω	Вш
11-May-00 21:42:00	0,000	0.000	0.00	0.0	0.0	Start	00	0.0		0.0	,
11-May-00 21:55:00	-	20.206	0.34	161.1	161.1	FA.	99.5	8012.69	B1	34.5	2778.27
11-May-00 22:00:00		21.399	0.36	256.2	95.1	¥2	66.0	7873.00	B2	22.5	2711.55
11-May-00 22:05:00		19.978	0.33	351.7	95.5	A3	54.0	5731.62	83	11.5	1623.96
11-May-00 22:10:00		18.166	0.30	442.1	90.3	¥	60.5	5171.45	98	8,5	903.31
11-May-00 22:15:00	_		0.29	533.3	91.2	A5	73.5	6110.13	BS	2,0	706.77
11-May-00 22:20:00	3.121		0.24	617.7	84.5	¥6	19.5	3927.06	B6	2.5	401.15
11-May-00 22:25:00		_	0.21	677.6	59.9	A7	26.0	1362.52	B7	0.5	89.84
11-May-00 23:07:00	_	24.824	0.41	1170.0	482.4	A8	69.5	23510.57	88	5.5	1477.10
11-May-00 23:40:00	_	41.842	0.70	2163.9	663.9	A9	34.5	51682.90	68	2.0	6211.89
12-May-09 00:13:00	_	29.055	0.48	3153.7	8,666	A10	15.5	24995.53	B10	2.5	4749.15
12-May-00 02:36:00	_	5.359	0.09	4165.8	1002.2	A11	4.5	10021,60	B11	4.0	3257.02
12-May-00 03:41:00	_	24.004	0.40	5169.1	1003.2	A12	2.5	3511.22	B12	0.5	2257.21
12-May-00 04:43:00	3,300	16.371	0.27	6176.1	1007.0	A13	3.0	2769,35	<b>B</b> 13	0.5	503,52
12-May-00 05:33:00	5.628	62.204	1.04	7222.6	1046.5	A14	25.5	14912.20	814	11.5	6278.82
12-May-00 05:55:00	_	23.039	0.38	3169.3	946.7	A15	2.0	13017.62	B15	2.0	6390.47
12-May-00 07:12:00	_	38.315	0.64	9175.4	1006.1	A16	15.5	8803.66	B16	11.0	6539.86
12-May-00 08:16:00	_	15,435	0.26	10163.1	7.788	A17	37.0	25926.84	817	0.5	5679.21
12-May-00 08:37:00	4	33.800	0.56	11165.1	1002.0	A18	23.0	30060.51	818	2.0	1252.52
12-May-00 09:29:00	1,906	4.153	0.07	12162.1	6.966	A19	16.0	19440.08	818	1.5	1744.62
12-May-U0 09:31:00	1.770	3.450	0.06	12169,666	972	End	0.0	60.82		0:0	5.70
					12169.7			266901.4			55561,93725
	EVENT V	EVENT VOLUME TESTED	STED	1 1	12001.0						Ė
RAINFA	RAINFALL DATA							SUSPENDE	SUSPENDED SOLID DATA	æ	
Total storm rainfall:	18.49	mm						Upstream			Downst.
Charm duration:	607.0	e e e					7	Concentration		-1	Concentration
Shorm duration:	11.82	Nays Politic					!	mg/l		i	mg/i
						Average		34.1			7.1
Storm ave intensity:	1.565	mm/hr				Median		25.5			4.0
17	970					Max		99.6			34.5
O IIIII DUIMBOU BIL.	OLZ.	MITTAGE				Min		2.0			9.0
						EMC		21.9			4.6
	ļ										
Return period	1 in	Month				SUSPEN	SUSPENDED SOLID REMOVAL RATE	D REMOV	AL RATE	l I	79.18%

# ENVIROPOD FILTER TRIAL - WAIRAU ROAD NORTH SHORE CITY WAIRAU STORM # 6 CALCULATION TABLE

			Downst. Average	mg		8477.60	5942.01	1095.51	181.66	202.01	186.26	157.32	1295.58	/4/6.31	12028.33	3484.02	50044			Downst.	Concentration mg/l	9.9	45.0 1.0	9.0	85.33%
			Downst. Concentration	l/bu	0.0	45.0	16.0	1.0	3.0	4.0	0.4	2.0	4.0	11.0	13.0	0.0			_		• •				ATE
			Downstream Test	200		B3	85	B3	<b>B</b> 4	<b>B</b> 2	92 1	'n	× 6	2 2	B10				SUSPENDED SOLID DATA						SUSPENDED SOLID REMOVAL RATE
			Upstream Average	Вш		33910.38	36626.16	21201.25	10218.26	5800.46	5168.72	4007.07	24631.89	99990.88	56587.55	26130.15	341120 5		SUSPENDE	Upstream	Concentration mg/l	100.7 92.0	196.0 45.0	61.6	SOLID RI
			Upstream Concentration	l/bm	0.0	180.0	196.0	133.0	92.0	109.0	113.0	000	50.0	0.70	45.0	0.0					~[ ]				JSPENDEE
			Upstream Sample Number		Start	A1	Ą	A3	A :	45 5	A6	2 8	2 4	5 5	¥ ¥	End						Average Median	Max Min	EMC	જ
			Part Flow	,	0.0	376.8	194.8	128.9	80.8	57.7	46.6	124.0	9.1.00 9.800	1003	1001.5	1161.3	5542.0	4003.9							
			Flow Cumul.	,	0.0	376.8	571.6	700.5	791.3	849.0	895.6	1970.0	2376.7	3370.1	4380.6	5542.0	i	а							
			Flow	s/I	0.00	0.39	0.50	0.31	0.24	0.17	0.15 0.24	12.0	0.07	43	0.0	0.00		ME TESTE							
Units	m2	·	Flow	m/i	900'0	23.491	30.298	18.555	14.366	10.129	8.910	12 855	4 153	7 784	5.798	0.006		EVENT VOLUME TESTED		ELLE	Days hours	mm/hr	mm/hr		weeks
Value	774.4	0.85	Level	cm	0.136	3.813	4.221	3.469	3.132	2.7.23	3 132	2 000	1.906	2.451	2.179	0.136		Ð	L DATA	8.42	1.194	0.294	3.420		1 in 3
Constant	Catchment Area	Runoff K	Date Time		28-Jut-00 02:10:00	28-Jul-00 04:16:00	28-Jul-00 04:21:00	28-Jui-00 04:26:00	28-Jul-00 04:31:00	26-Jul-00 04:36:00	8-Jul-00 04:41:00	8-Jul-00 05-18-00	28-34-00 07:57:00	%-Jul-00 11:35:00	28-Jul-00 14:55:00	29-Jul-00 06:49:00			RAINFALL DATA	Total storm rainfall:	Storm duration: Storm duration:	Storm ave intensity:	6 min duration Int.		Return period

ENVIROPOD FILTER TRIAL - WAIRAU ROAD NORTH SHORE CITY WAIRAU STORM # 7 CALCULATION TABLE

Constant
Catchment Area
Runoff K

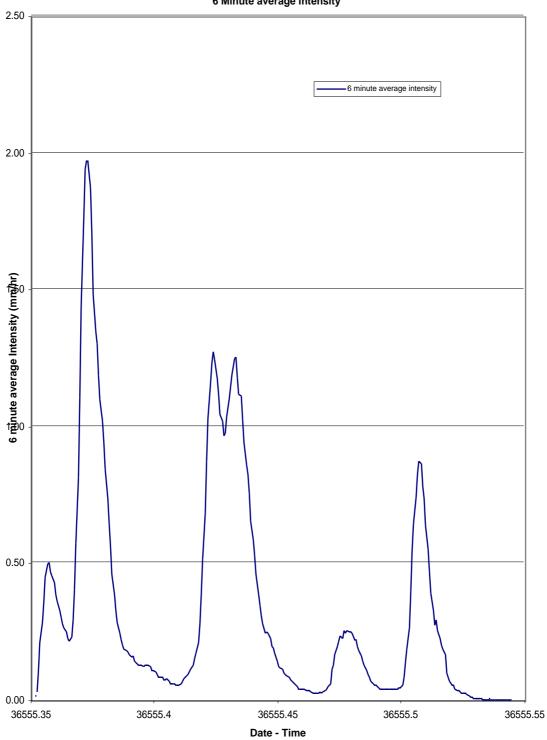
ENVIROPOD FILTER TRIAL - WAIRAU ROAD NORTH SHORE CITY WAIRAU STORM # 8
CALCULATION TABLE

Constant	Value	Units									
Catchment Area	774.4	m2									
Runoff K	0.85										
Date Time	Level	Flow	Flow	Flow	Part			Upstream	Æ	Downst.	Downst.
			j	Cuma.	æ ÖL	Number	Concentration	Average	Test	Concentration	Average
	ES C	I/m	S/I	~	,		l/gm	Вш		l/bui	bw
11-Aug-00 14:04:00	-0.408	00:00	0.00	0.0	0.0	Start	0.0	.,.			
11-Aug-00 14:09:00	3.540	19.52	0.33	49.0	49.0	A1	333.0	8164 33	ă	0.70	2050 47
11-Aug-00 14:14:00	3.540	19.52	0.33	148.8	99.7	¥2:	132.0	23189.55	- &	73.0	7820.50
11-Aug-00 14:19:00	3.132	14.37	0.24	227.4	78.6	A3	93.0	884183	8	65.0	5/192 00
11-Aug-00-14:24:00	2.587	8.91	0.15	274.4	47.0	<b>A</b>	69.0	3806.03	3 2	24.0	2000 97
11-Aug-00 14:29:00	2.042	4.93	0.08	306.5	32.2	A5	60.0	2076.06	82	37.0	981.70
1-Aug-00 14:34:00	1.770	3.45	0.06	328.9	22.4	A6	79.0	1557.15	B6	20.0	638.54
11-Aug-00 17:34:00	0.000	0.00	0.00	367.7	38.8	₽U∃	0.0	1531.30		0.0	387.67
					367.7			47634.9			19023.3
		VOLUME TESTED	TESTED	f I	279.9						
RAINFALL DATA	L DATA					, i		SUSPENDE	SUSPENDED SOLID DATA		
Total storm rainfall;	0.56	mm						Indiracm			
Storm duration: Storm duration:	0.146 3.50	Days					어 [	Concentration mg/l		~  I	Concentration mg/
Storm ave intensity:	0.160	mm/hr				Average Median		127.7			50.5
6 min duration int	1.810	mm/fir				Max Min		333.0			84.0 20.0
						EMC		129.5			51.7
Return period	1 in 1	week			SUS	PENDET	SUSPENDED SOLID REMOVAL RATE	- IAVOM:	PATE	1	/60 08
					) )	; ;	. כבול בי	1	ı Z	ı	00.00%

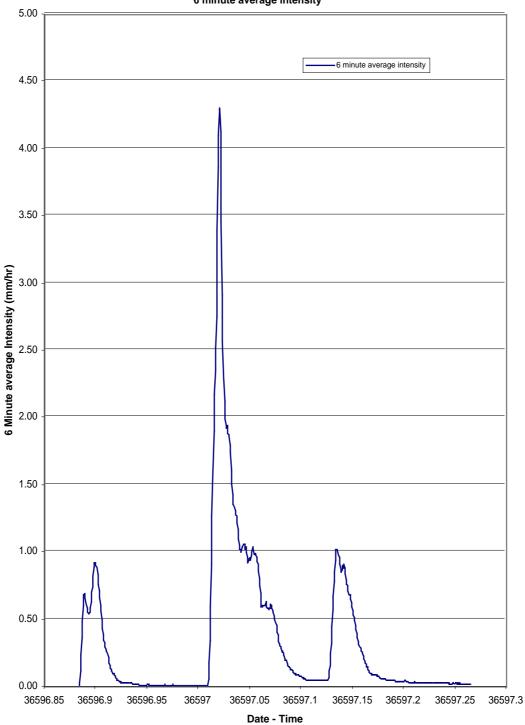
#### APPENDIX F

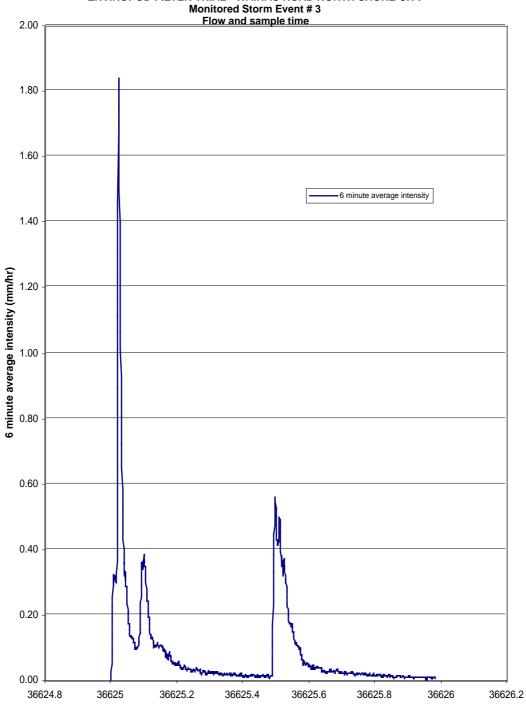
**6 MINUTE INTENSITY GRAPHS** 

#### ENVIROPOD FILTER TRIAL - WAIRAU ROAD NORTH SHORE CITY Monitored storm event #1 6 Minute average intensity



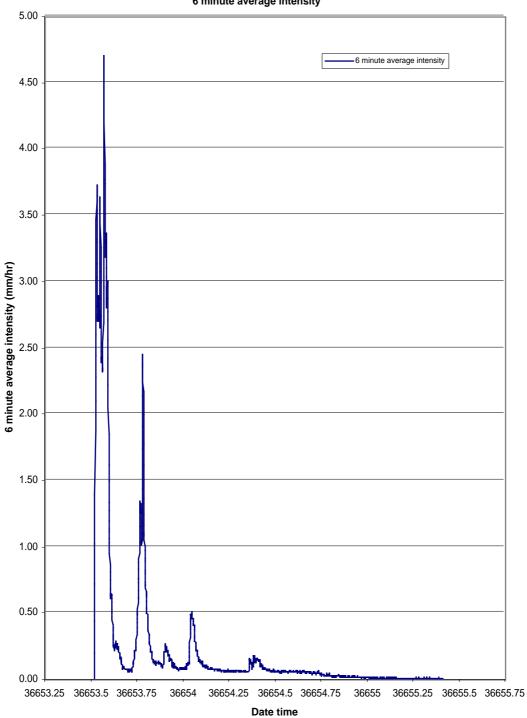
#### ENVIROPOD FILTER TRIAL - WAIRAU ROAD NORTH SHORE CITY Monitored storm event # 2 6 minute average intensity



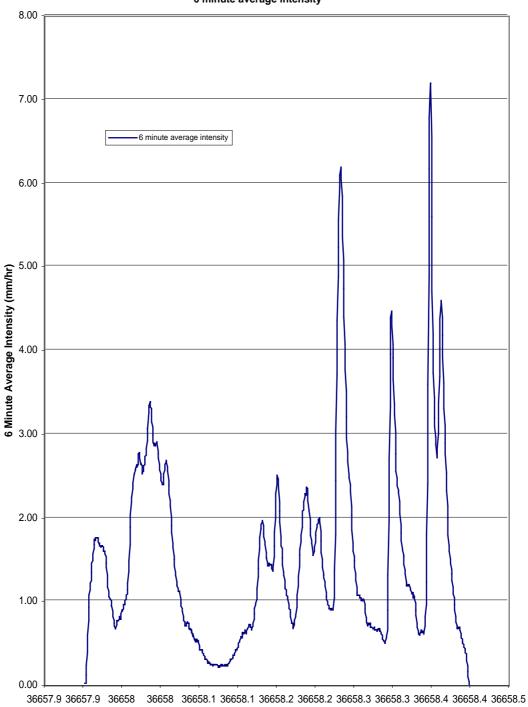


Date -Time

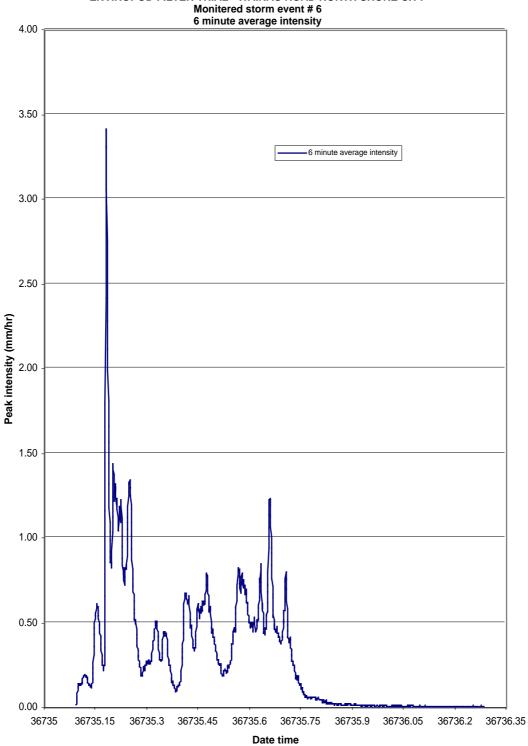
#### ENVIROPOD FILTER TRIAL - WAIRAU ROAD NORTH SHORE CITY Monitored storm event #4 6 minute average intensity

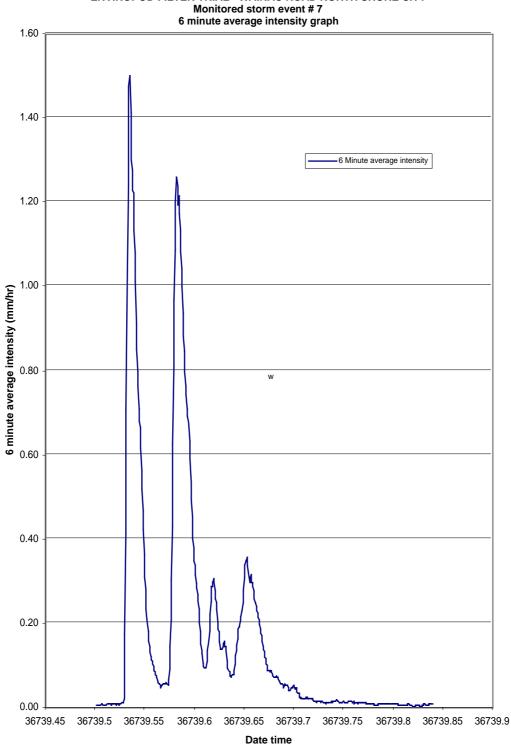


#### ENVIROPOD FILTER TRIAL - WAIRAU ROAD NORTH SHORE CITY MONITORED STORM EVENT # 5 6 minute average intensity

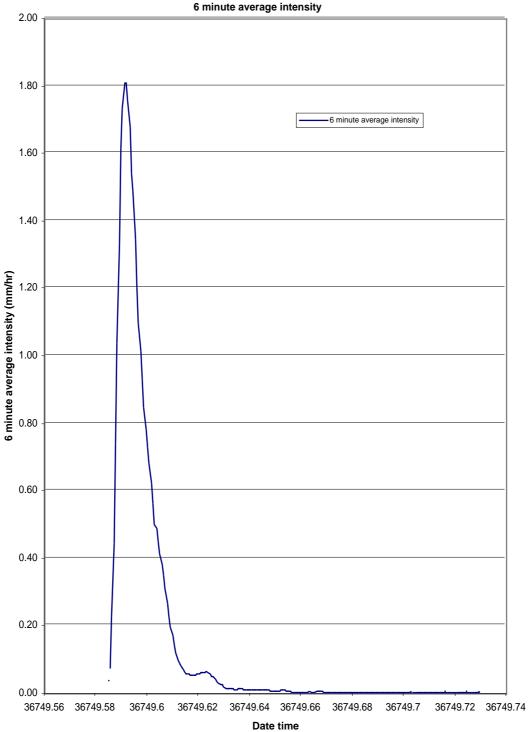


#### ENVIROPOD FILTER TRIAL - WAIRAU ROAD NORTH SHORE CITY Monitered storm event # 6





#### ENVIROPOD FILTER TRIAL - WAIRAU ROAD NORTH SHORE CITY Monitored storm event # 8 6 minute average intensity



#### **APPENDIX G**

SUMMARY AND CALCULATIONS OF RETAINED LOADS

### RemovalLoads

# ENVIROPOD FILTER TRIAL WAIRAU ROAD NORTH SHORE CITY

				5						
Constant Area Runoff K Rain(total)	Value Units 774.4 m2 0.85 - 748.2 mm	Units m2 -								
	Date In	Installed Duration Days	Gross Weight (Wet Sed.+bag) ( <i>kg)</i>	Gross Weight Gross Weight (Wet Sed.+bag) (Wet sediment) (kg) (kg)	Dry Weight rainfall (Sediment) Total ( <i>kg</i> )		rainfall F K x r (mm) (	Runoff (m3)	Retained Load / rainfall <i>kgfha/mm</i>	Retained Load kg/ha/year
Installation First Empty Final empty	16-Jan-00 15-May-00 16-Aug-00	120 days 93 days	14.00	13.00	7.88	264.0 484.2	224.4 411.6	173.78 318.72	0.453 0.384	309.430 620.395
Total		213 days	35.20	33.20	20.12	748.2	636.0	492.50	0.347	445.204
Estimated Suspended solids load from Catchment										
Rainfall over catchment (during study) Calculated Runoff from Catchment Average EMC Upstream		728 mm 492.5 m3 72.2 mg/l	728 mm 492.5 m3 72.2 mg/l							
Estimated Suspended solids load during study (Dry Weight) Estimate SS Load		35.6 kg 786.8 kg/	35.6 kg 786.8 kg/hectare/year							
Estimated Loading in kg/ha/mm Ave EMC Inlet 1mm runnoff over 1 ha Loading		72.2 8.5 0.61	72.2 mg/l 8.5 m3 0.61 kg/ha/mm							

#### **APPENDIX H**

**CALIBRATION DATA** 

# ENVIROPOD FILTER TRIAL WAIRAU ROAD NORTH SHORE CITY CALIBRATION DATA

Test by: Mike Hannah
Test Date: 17-Jan-00

Test Number: 1

	Depth 1	Depth 2	Depth 3
	(mm)	(mm)	(mm)
Measured	76	75	78
Logged	77	76	78
Difference	1	1	0

Test Number: 2

Depth 1
(mm)

Measured 98

Logged 98

Difference 0

Test Number: 3

	Depth 1	Depth 2	Depth 3
	(mm)	(mm)	(mm)
Measured	60	60	61
Logged	60	60	60
Difference	0	0	1

# ENVIROPOD FILTER TRIAL WAIRAU ROAD NORTH SHORE CITY CALIBRATION DATA

Test by:	Mike Hannah	
Test Date:	14-Apr-00	)
Test Number:	4	
		Depth 1
		(mm)
	Measured	0
	Logged	0
	Difference	0

#### APPENDIX I

**RAINFALL DEPTHS** 

# Enviropod Filter Trial Wairau Road North Shore City Comparison Between Logged flows and Rain gauge Data

Storm	Logged flow at test site	Depth	Rain Gauge Depth	% Difference
	(1)	(mm)	(mm)	
WS1	1045.0	1.6	3.9	59%
WS2	2187.9	3.3	11.9	72%
WS3	1423.0	2.2	5.0	57%
WS4	6827.6	10.4	17.9	42%
WS5	12169.7	18.5	26.3	30%
WS6	5542.0	8.4	17.8	53%
WS7	923.3	1.4	1.3	-8%
WS8	367.7	0.6	2.2	75%
Total	30486.2	46.3	86.3	46%

#### **APPENDIX J**

LABOROTORY DATA

#### ENVIROPOD FILTER TRIAL WAIRAU ROAD - NORTH SHORE CITY COUNCIL LABORATORY RESULTS SUMMARY TABLE

Compiled by: Date:

Matthew Musson 18-Jan-01

Date - Time	Storm	l		PSTREAM		1	DC	WNSTREAM	<i>r</i>
	Number		Sample		Concentration	Field			Concentration
		Number	Number	Number	-	Number	Number	Number	
		<del> </del>			mg/l				mg/l
30-Jan-00 08:55:00	WS1		A1	2000	87.5	ļ	В7	204.4	
30-Jan-00 09:00:00		ļ	A2	2001	68.0		B1	2014 2008	44.5
30-Jan-00 09:05:00		İ	A3	2001	69.5		B2		20.0
30-Jan-00 09:10:00		1	A4	2002	71.5		B3	2009 2010	17.0
30-Jan-00 09:15:00		ļ	A5	2003	63.0		B4	2010	13.5
30-Jan-00 09:20:00		}	A6	2004	60.0		B5		15.0
30-Jan-00 09:25:00		Į.	A7	2005	50.5		B6	2012	12.0
30-3811-00 03.23.00	****	Ì	CV.	2000	50.5		DO	2013	13.0
12-Mar-00 00:21:00	WS2		A1	2415	376.0		B1	2423	16.0
12-Mar-00 00:26:00			A2	2416	295.0		B2	2424	14.0
12-Mar-00 00:31:00			A3	2417	206.0		B3	2425	13.0
12-Mar-00 00:36:00		•	A4	2418	114.0		B4	2426	16,0
12-Mar-00 00:41:00		ĺ	A5	2419	134.0		B5	2427	10.0
12-Mar-00 00:46:00			A6	2420	73.0		B6	2428	. 0.4
12-Mar-00 00:51:00			A7	2421	51.0		B7	2429	0.4
12-Mar-00 01:08:00			A8	2422	43.0	1	B8	2430	
12 11141 00 01:00:00	****		710	2722	43.0	ļ	ВО	2430	0.1
09-Apr-00 00:30:00	WS3	ļ	A1	2858	191,0	İ	B1	2866	11.0
09-Apr-00 00:35:00	WS3		A2	2859	240.0		B2	2867	7.0
09-Apr-00 00:40:00	WS3		A3	2860	396.0		B3	2868	6.0
09-Apr-00 00:45:00	WS3	ĺ	A4	2861	84.0		B4	2869	4.0
09-Apr-00 00:50:00	WS3	}	A5	2862	80.0		B5	2870	7.0
09-Apr-00 00:55:00	WS3		A6	2863	73.0		B6	2871	7.0
09-Apr-00 01:00:00			A7	2864	124.0		B7	2872	8.0
	:								
07-May-00 12:33:00			A1	3017	207.5		B1	3029	46.0
07-May-00 12:38:00			A2	3018	102.5		B2	3030	42.0
07-May-00 12:43:00			A3	3019	106.5		B3	3031	33.5
07-May-00 12:48:00			A4	3020	82.5		B4	3032	16.5
07-May-00 12:53:00			A5	3021	53.5		B5	3033	17.5
07-May-00 12:58:00			A6	3022	25.5		B6	3034	20.0
07-May-00 13:03:00			A7	3023	10.5		B7	3035	13.0
07-May-00 13:03:00			A8	3024	10.5		B8	3036	9.5
07-May-00 13:38:00	WS4		A9	3025	26.0		B9	3037	7.5
07-May-00 14:03:00			A10	3026	6.0		B10	3038	20.0
07-May-00 17:52:00	WS4		A11	3027	15.5		B11	3039	8.5
07-May-00 19:25:00	WS4		A12	3028	12.5		B12	3040	10.5
11-May-00 21:55:00	MIGE		A1	2405					_
11-May-00 21:00:00			At A2	3195	99.5		B1	3214	34.5
11-May-00 22:05:00			A2 A3	3196	66.0		B2	3215	22.5
11-May-00 22:10:00			A3 A4	3197	54.0		B3	3216	11.5
11-May-00 22:15:00				3198	60.5		B4	3217	<b>8</b> .5
			A5	3199	73.5		B5	3218	7.0
11-May-00 22:20:00 1	I		A6	3200	19.5		B6	3219	2.5
11-May-00 22:25:00 1			A7	3201	26.0		B7	3220	0.5
11-May-00 23:07:00 1			A8	3202	69.5		B8	3221	5.5
11-May-00 23:40:00 1			A9	3203	34.5		B9	3222	7.0
12-May-00 00:13:00			A10	3204	15.5		B10	3223	2.5
12-May-00 02:36:00 1			A11	3205	4.5		B11	3224	4.0
12-May-00 03:41:00			A12	3206	2.5		B12	3225	0.5
12-May-00 04:43:00	WS5 j		A13	3207	3.0		B13	3226	0.5

#### ENVIROPOD FILTER TRIAL WAIRAU ROAD - NORTH SHORE CITY COUNCIL LABORATORY RESULTS SUMMARY TABLE

Compiled by: Date: Matthew Musson

18-Jan-01

Date - Time	Storm	1	Ę	JPSTREAM		1	DC	WNSTREAM	И
	Number		Sample	Laboratory	Concentration	Field			 Concentration
		Number	Number	Number		Number		Number	
					mg/l				mg/l
12-May-00 05:33:00			A14	3208	25.5		B14	3227	11.
12-May-00 05:55:00		ļ	A15	3209	2.0		B15	3228	2.
12-May-00 07:12:00			A16	3210	15.5		B16	3229	11.
12-May-00 08:16:00		ļ	A17	3211	37.0		B17	3230	0.9
12-May-00 08:37:00		ļ	A18	3212	23.0		B18	3231	2.
12-May-00 09:29:00	WS5		A19	3213	16.0		B19	3232	1.
28-Jul-00 04:16:00			A1	4074	180.0		B1	4085	45.
28-Jul-00 04:21:00	WS6		A2	4075	196.0		B2	4086	
28-Jul-00 04:26:00	WS6		A3	4076	133.0	{	B3	4087	1.
28-Jul-00 04:31:00	WS6	ļ	A4	4077	92,0		B4	4088	3.
28-Jul-00 04:36:00	WS6		A5	4078	109.0		B5	4089	4.
28-Jul-00 04:41:00	WS6	ĺ	A6	4079	113.0		B6	4090	4.
28-Jul-00 04:46:00	WS6		A7	4080	65.0		B7	4091	2.
28-Jul-00 05:18:00	WS6		A8	4081	50.0		B8	4092	4.
28-Jul-00 07:57:00	WS6		A9	4082	57.0		B9	4093	11.
28-Jul-00 11:35:00	WS6		A10	4083	68.0	1	B10	4094	13.
28-Jul-00 14:55:00	WS6		A11	4084	45.0		B11	4095	6.
01-Aug-00 12:48:00	WS7		A1	4160	273.0		B1	4167	12.
01-Aug-00 12:53:00	WS7		A2	4161	218.0		B2	4168	16.
01-Aug-00 12:58:00	WS7		A3	4162	196.0		B3	4169	15.
01-Aug-00 13:03:00	WS7		A4	4163	160.0		B4	4170	20.
01-Aug-00 13:08:00	WS7		A5	4164	142.0		B5	4171	14,
01-Aug-00 13:13:00	WS7		A6	4165	142.0		B6	4172	18.
01-Aug-00 13:18:00	WS7		A7	4166	120.0		B7	4173	15.
11-Aug-00 14:09:00	wsa i		A1	4271	333.0		B1	4000	
11-Aug-00 14:14:00			A2	4272	132,0		Б1 В2	4282 4283	84.0
11-Aug-00 14:19:00			A3	4273	93.0		B3	4283 4284	73.0
11-Aug-00 14:24:00			A4	4274	69.0		вэ В4	4284 4285	65.
11-Aug-00 14:29:00			A5	4275	60.0		B5	4285 4286	24.0
11-Aug-00 14:34:00			A6	4276	79.0		B6	4286 4287	37.0 20.0

Version 1,3012/97 Report No:1020200 CLQM/4.16/11/01

Date: 5 February 2000

Client: Enviropod,

PO Box 105543, CPO Auckland.

For the attention of:

Mike Hannah

#### Sample description:

Your iden	ntification	Lab identification
'A1'	water sample	2000
'A2'	water sample	2001
'A3'	water sample	2002
'A4'	water sample	2003
'A5'	water sample	2004
'A6'	water sample	2005
'A7'	water sample	2006
'A8'	water sample	2007
'B1'	water sample	2008
'B2'	water sample	2009
'B3'	water sample	2010
'B4'	water sample	2011
'B5'	water sample	2012
'B6'	water sample	2013
'B7'	water sample	2014
'B8'	water sample	2015

Sample status: samples tested as received

Date sample received: 1/01/00
Date sample tested: 3/01/00

Methods used: Methods for the examination of water and wastewater, APHA,1992

**Analytical results:** 

Lab Suspended solids

 $\label{eq:location} \textbf{Identification} \qquad \qquad (mg/L)$ 

2000 87.5

2001	68.0
2002	69.5
2003	71.5
2004	63.0
2005	60.0
2006	50.5
2007	228.0

Report No:1020200

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Lab	Suspended solids
<b>Identification</b> (mg/L)	
2008	20.0
2009	17.0
2010	13.5
2011	15.0
2012	12.0
2013	13.0
2014	44.5
2015	145.5

Results refer only to the test item(s) tested. This report must not be altered or reproduced except in full

Bryan Cooke MSc DpBact.

Version 1,3012/97 Report No:1310300 CLQM/4.16/11/01

Date: 19 March 2000

Client: Enviropod,

PO Box 105543, CPO Auckland.

For the attention of:

Mike Hannah

#### Sample description:

Your iden	tification	Lab identification
'A1'	water sample	2415
'A2'	water sample	2416
'A3'	water sample	2417
'A4'	water sample	2418
'A5'	water sample	2419
'A6'	water sample	2420
'A7'	water sample	2421
'A8'	water sample	2422
'B1'	water sample	2423
'B2'	water sample	2424
'B3'	water sample	2425
'B4'	water sample	2426
'B5'	water sample	2427
'B6'	water sample	2428
'B7'	water sample	2429
'B8'	water sample	2430

Sample status: samples tested as received

Date sample received: 15/03/00
Date sample tested: 16/03/00

Methods used: Methods for the examination of water and wastewater, APHA,1992

**Analytical results:** 

Lab Suspended solids

 $\label{eq:local_density} \textbf{Identification} \qquad \qquad (mg/L)$ 

2415 376

2416	295
2417	206
2418	114
2419	134
2420	73
2421	51
2422	43

Report No:1310300

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Lab		Suspended solids
Identification	(mg/L)	
2423		16
2424		14
2425		13
2426		16
2427		10
2428		0.4
2429		0.1
2430		0.1

Results refer only to the test item(s) tested. This report must not be altered or reproduced except in full

Bryan Cooke MSc DpBact.

Version 1,3012/97 Report No:1680400 CLQM/4.16/11/01

Date: 1 May 2000

Client: Enviropod,

PO Box 105543, CPO Auckland.

For the attention of:

Mike Hannah

Sample status: samples tested as received

Date sample received: 27/04/00
Date sample tested: 29/04/00

Methods used: Methods for the examination of water and wastewater, APHA,1992

#### Sample description/Analytical results:

Your identification		Lab identification	Suspended solids
'A1'	water sample	2858	191
'A2'	water sample	2859	240
'A3'	water sample	2860	396
'A4'	water sample	2861	84
'A5'	water sample	2862	80
'A6'	water sample	2863	73
'A7'	water sample	2864	124
'A8'	water sample	2865	84
'B1'	water sample	2866	11
'B2'	water sample	2867	7
'B3'	water sample	2868	6
'B4'	water sample	2869	4
'B5'	water sample	2870	7
'B6'	water sample	2871	7
'B7'	water sample	2872	8

(mg/L)

Results refer only to the test item(s) tested. This report must not be altered or reproduced except in full

Bryan Cooke MSc DpBact

Version 1,3012/97 Report No:1500500 CLQM/4.16/11/01

Date: 20 May 2000

Client: Enviropod,

PO Box 105543, CPO Auckland.

For the attention of:

Brendon

Sample status: samples tested as received

Date sample received: 9/05/00
Date sample tested: 12/05/00

Methods used: Methods for the examination of water and wastewater, APHA,1992

#### Sample description/Analytical results:

Your iden	tification	Lab identification	Suspended solids*
'A1'	water sample	3017	207.5
'A2'	water sample	3018	102.5
'A3'	water sample	3019	106.5
'A4'	water sample	3020	82.5
'A5'	water sample	3021	53.5
'A6'	water sample	3022	25.5
'A7'	water sample	3023	10.5
'A8'	water sample	3024	10.5
'A9'	water sample	3025	26.0
'A10'	water sample	3026	6.0
'A11'	water sample	3027	15.5
'A12'	water sample	3028	12.5
'B1'	water sample	3029	46.0
'B2'	water sample	3030	42.0
'B3'	water sample	3031	33.5
'B4'	water sample	3032	16.5
'B5'	water sample	3033	17.5
'B6'	water sample	3034	20.0
'B7'	water sample	3035	13.0
'B8'	water sample	3036	9.5
'B9'	water sample	3037	7.5
'B10'	water sample	3038	20.0
'B11'	water sample	3039	8.5

'B12'	water sample	3040	10.5
'B13'	water sample	3041	15.0

Version 1,3012/97 Report No:1840500 CLQM/4.16/11/01

Date: 30 May 2000

Client: Enviropod,

PO Box 105543, CPO Auckland.

For the attention of:

Brendon

Sample status: samples tested as received

Date sample received: 19/05/00
Date sample tested: 21/05/00

Methods used: Methods for the examination of water and wastewater, APHA,1992

#### Sample description/Analytical results:

Your	Lab	Suspended solids*	Your	Lab Suspended solids*	
ID II	) ID	ID			
'A1',water	3195	99.5	'B1',water	3214	34.5
'A2',water	3196	66.0	'B2',water	3215	22.5
'A3',water	3197	54.0	'B3',water	3216	11.5
'A4',water	3198	60.5	'B4',water	3217	8.5
'A5',water	3199	73.5	'B5',water	3218	7.0
'A6',water	3200	19.5	'B6',water	3219	2.5
'A7',water	3201	26.0	'B7',water	3220	0.5
'A8',water	3202	69.5	'B8',water	3221	5.5
'A9',water	3203	34.5	'B9',water	3222	7.0
'A10',water	3204	15.5	'B10',water	3223	2.5
'A11',water	3205	4.5	'B11',water	3224	4.0
'A12',water	3206	2.5	'B12',water	3225	0.5
'A13',water	3207	3.0	'B13',water	3226	0.5
'A14',water	3208	25.5	'B14',water	3227	11.5
'A15',water	3209	2.0	'B15',water	3228	2.0
'A16',water	3210	15.5	'B16',water	3229	11.0
'A17',water	3211	37.0	'B17',water	3230	0.5
'A18',water	3212	23.0	'B18',water	3231	2.0
'A19',water	3213	16.0	'B19',water	3232	1.5

\* (mg/L)

Version 1,3012/97 Report No:1300800 CLQM/4.16/11/01

Date: 11 August 2000

Client: Enviropod,

PO Box 105543, CPO Auckland.

For the attention of:

Brendon

Sample status: samples tested as received

Date sample received: 9/8/00
Date sample tested: 10/8/00

Methods used: Methods for the examination of water and wastewater, APHA,1992

#### Sample description/Analytical results:

Your Lab		S	Suspended solids*	Your	Lab Suspended solids*	
ID I	D	ID	ID			
'A1',water	4160	2	273	'B1',water	4167	12
'A2',water	4161	2	218	'B2',water	4168	16
'A3',water	4162	1	196	'B3',water	4169	15
'A4',water	4163	1	160	'B4',water	4170	20
'A5',water	4164	1	142	'B5',water	4171	14
'A6',water	4165	1	142	'B6',water	4172	18
'A7',water	4166	1	120	'B7',water	4173	15

\* (mg/L)

Results refer only to the test item(s) tested. This report must not be altered or reproduced except in full

Version 1,3012/97 Report No:1720800 CLQM/4.16/11/01

Date: 22 August 2000

Client: Enviropod,

PO Box 105543, CPO Auckland.

For the attention of:

Mike

Sample status: samples tested as received

Date sample received: 18/8/00
Date sample tested: 22/8/00

Methods used: Methods for the examination of water and wastewater, APHA,1992

#### Sample description/Analytical results:

Your		Lab	Suspended	Your	Lab	
		Suspend	ed			
<u>ID</u>			ID			
			solids*		ID	
			ID			
			solids*			
'A1',water	4271		333	'B1',water	4282	84
'A2',water	4272		132	'B2',water	4283	73
'A3',water	4273		93	' B3',water	4284	65
'A4',water	4274		69	'B4',water	4285	24
'A5',water	4275		60	'B5',water	4286	37
'A6',water	4276		79	'B6',water	4287	20
'A7',water	4277		-	'B12 ?',water	4288	1.5
'A8',water	4278		77	'B8',water	4289	28
'A9',water	4279		16	'B9',water	4290	19
'A10',water	4280		60	'B10',water	4291	1.5
'A11',water	4281		86	'B11',water	4292	14

\* (mg/L)

- no sample